

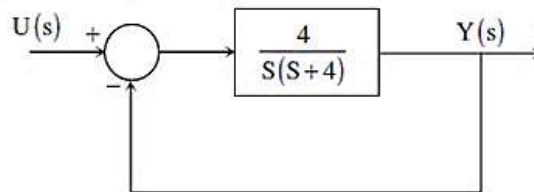
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**SAINTGITS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)**

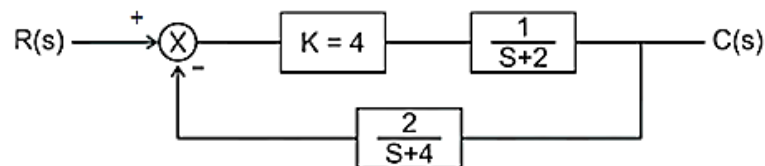
(AFFILIATED TO APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM)

**SIXTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (R,S), MAY 2024****ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING****(2020 SCHEME)****Course Code : 20EET302****Course Name: Linear Control Systems****Max. Marks : 100****Duration: 3 Hours****Provide Graph and Semilog sheet****PART A****(Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks)**

- List the advantages of closed loop control systems.
- The transfer function of a simple RC network functioning as a controller is  $\frac{s+z1}{s+p1}$ . Find out the condition for the RC network to act as lead network.
- Find the natural frequency of the following second order system as shown in figure.



- Find steady state error of the following systems whose input is unit step.



- Discuss the effect of addition of Pole and Zero into the root locus.
- Discuss the existence of angle of departure and angle of arrival in root locus.
- Obtain the gain margin of the following unity feedback system whose open loop transfer function is  $G(s) = \frac{8(s+4)}{(s-1)(s-2)}$ .
- Explain the concept of stability analysis using Polar plot.
- State and explain Nyquist stability criterion
- Write the importance of M and N circle.

**PART B****(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)****MODULE I**

11. a) Derive the transfer function of AC servo motor. (7)  
 b) Discuss the effect of negative and positive feedback in overall gain of a control systems. (7)

**OR**

12. a) Obtain the transfer function lag lead network. (7)  
 b) Explain the operating principle of Synchro. (7)

**MODULE II**

13. a) Explain the time domain specifications of a second order system. (5)  
 b) A unity feedback control system has an open loop transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)}$ . Find the rise time, percentage over shoot, peak time and settling time (9)

**OR**

14. a) For a unity feedback control system, the open loop transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{10(s+2)}{s^2(s+1)}$ . (i) Determine the position, velocity and acceleration error constants. (ii) Also determine the steady state error when the input is  $R(s) = \frac{3}{s} - \frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{1}{3s^3}$ . (8)  
 b) With the help of Routh's stability criterion find the stability of the following systems represented by the characteristic equations. (6)  
 $s^5 + s^4 + 2s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 5 = 0$

**MODULE III**

15. a) Describe the merits and demerits of PID controller (4)  
 b) Sketch the root locus of the system whose open loop transfer function is  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$ . (10)

**OR**

16. a) Explain the procedure to design a lead compensator using Root locus technique (7)  
 b) Discuss the Ziegler Nicholes method of PID tuning. (7)

**MODULE IV**

17. a) Derive the expressions for resonant peak and resonant frequency and hence establish the correlation between time and frequency response of a second order system. (10)

- b) Given  $\xi = 0.7$  and  $\omega_n = 10$  rad/sec. Calculate resonant peak and resonant frequency of a second order system. (4)

**OR**

18. Draw the Bode plot for the following Transfer Function (14)  
 $G(s) = \frac{20(0.1s+1)}{s^2((0.2s+1)(0.02s+1)}$ . From the bode plot, determine (a) Gain Margin (b) Phase Margin (c) Comment on the stability.

**MODULE V**

19. a) By Nyquist stability criterion, determine the stability of closed loop system, whose open loop transfer function is given by (12)  
 $G(s)H(s) = \frac{s+2}{(s+1)(s-1)}$ . Comment on the stability of open-loop and closed loop system.  
 b) What are the advantages of Nicholes chart. (2)

**OR**

20. a) Explain the procedure to design Lag lead compensator using Bode plot. (12)  
 b) What is the difference between Nyquist and Polar plot. (2)

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