## SAINTGITS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)

(AFFILIATED TO APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM) SIXTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (S), AUGUST 2023 CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
(2020 SCHEME)

## Course Code : 20CHT308

## Course Name : Comprehensive Course Work

Max. Marks : 50
Duration : 75 Minutes

## PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark)
For the transfer of solution of thick slurry, the pump used is a $\qquad$ pump
A. Gear
B. Centrifugal
C. Reciprocating
D. Diaphram

Hydraulic radius is the ratio of
A. Flow area to wetted perimeter
B. Wetted perimeter to flow area
C. Flow area to square of wetted perimeter
D. Square root of flow area to wetted perimeter

The specific weight of a substance
A. Does not change with location
B. Is its weight per unit volume
C. Is its mass per unit volume
D. None of the above

Cavitation in a centrifugal pump results from
A. High discharge pressure
B. Low barometric pressure
C. High discharge velocity
D. High discharge rate

One stoke is equal to
A. $1 \mathrm{ft}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $\quad 1 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $\quad 1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$

An example of a dilatant fluid is
A. quicksand
B. Sewage emulsion
C. Rubber latex
D. Non colloidal solution

During Joule-Thomson expansion of gases
A. Enthalpy remains constant
B. Temperature remains constant
C. Entropy remains constant
D. None of these

8 Entropy is a measure of the $\qquad$ of a system.
A. Disorder
B. Temperature changes
C. Orderly behaviour
D. None of these

9 Fundamental principle of refrigeration is based on the $\qquad$ law of thermodynamics.
A. zeroth
B. first
C. second
D. third

Heating of water under atmospheric pressure is an $\qquad$ process.
A. Isochoric
B. isobaric
C. Adiabatic
D. isothermal

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High $\qquad$ is an undesirable property for a good refrigerant.
A. Specific heat
B. viscosity
C. Latent heat of vapourisation
D. Both B and C

Water on heating from 1 to $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
A. Contracts
B. expands
C. Has same volume
D. May contract or expand

In which mode of heat transfer, the Biot number is important?
A. Transient heat conduction
B. Natural convection
C. Forced convection
D. Radiation

Economy of an evaporator is influenced by the
A. Steam pressure
B. Feed temperature
C. Number of effect
D. Both (b) \& (c)

What is the emissivity of a black body?
A. 1
B. 0
C. 0.90
D. 0.5

Which of the following is used in case of heat flow by conduction through a cylinder?
A. Logarithmic mean area
B. Arithmetic mean area
C. Geometric mean area
D. None of these

Which is the most suitable for cold viscous feed?
A. Forward feed
B. Backward feed
C. Mixed feed
D. Parallel feed

The unit of heat transfer coefficient is
A. $\mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{hr} . \mathrm{ft}^{2}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
B. $\quad \mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{hr} . \mathrm{ft} .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
C. $\quad \mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{hr} .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
D. $\mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{hr}$. ft

Mass transfer coefficient is defined as
A. $\quad$ Flux $=$ Coefficient / concentration difference
B. Coefficient = flux/concentration difference
C. Flux = concentration
D. None of these difference/coefficient
Flooding in a column results due to
A. High pressure drop
B. Low pressure drop
C. Low velocity of the liquid
D. High temperature Raoult's law is applicable for
A. Ideal solutions
B. Real solutions
C. Mixture of alcohol and water
D. Non ideal gases

In a binary system, separation is very efficient, when the relative volatility is
A. 1
B. $>1$
C. $<1$
D. 0.5

Drift in a cooling tower is
A. The water entrained by the circulating air
B. Dependent on the water lost by evaporation
C. Desirable
D. All of the above

Dry bulb temperature of the gas is $\qquad$ the wet bulb temperature
A. Less than
B. More than
C. Equal to
D. None of these

Half life period of a chemical reaction is
A. The time required to reduce the
B. Half of the space time of a reaction concentration of the reacting substance to half its initial value
C. Half of the residence time of the
D. None of these reaction

The half life period of a first order reaction is given by
A. $\quad 1.5 \mathrm{~K}$
B. $\quad 2.5 \mathrm{~K}$
C. $\quad 0.693 \mathrm{~K}$
D. $\quad 6.93 \mathrm{~K}$

Catalyst is a substance, which .....chemical reaction
A. Increases the speed of a
B. Decreases the speed of a
C. Can either increase or decrease
D. Alter the value of equilibrium
the speed of a constant in a reversible For a tubular flow reactor with uniform concentration and temperature, the independent variable is
A. Time
B. Length
C. Diameter
D. None of these

A plug-flow reactor is characterised by
A. High capacity
B. Presence of axial mixing
C. Presence of lateral mixing
D. Constant composition \& temperature of reaction mixture

Molecularity of a reaction
A. Is always equal to the overall order of reaction
B. May not be equal to the order of the reaction
C. Can't have a fractional value
D. Both $B \& C$

## PART B

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks)
A piece of metal of specific gravity 9 floats in mercury of specific gravity 13.6. What fraction of its volume is under mercury?
A. 0.5
B. $\quad 0.4$
C. 0.34
D. 0.66

A lubricant 100 times more viscous than water would have a viscosity (in Pa-s)
A. 0.011
B. 0.1
C. 1
D. 10

The values of Cp and Cv for monoatomic gas in $\mathrm{Cal} / \mathrm{mol}-\mathrm{K}$ are
A. 5 and 3
B. $\quad 3.987$ and 1.987
C. 0.66 and 1.987
D. None of these

Clausius - Clayperon equation is application to $\qquad$ equilibrium processes
A. soild - vapour
B. solid-liquid
C. liquid-vapour
D. all a, b and c

In a forward feed multiple effect evaporator, the pressure is
A. Highest in last effect
B. Lowest in last effect
C. Same in all effects
D. None of these

Absorptivity and reflectivity of a perfect black body are respectively
A. 1 and 0
B. 0 and 1
C. 1 and $\infty$
D. 0 and 0,5

In a packed bed absorption column, the channelling will be noted by the
A. Increase in flow rate
B. Sharp drop in pressure drop
C. Sharp rise in pressure drop
D. None of these
The relative volatility of a binary mixture at the azeotropic composition is
A. 1
B. $>1$
C. 0
D. None of these

In a recycle reactor, the recycle ratio is zero. This means the reactor is basically a
A. PFR
B. CSTR
C. PFR with zero radial mixing
D. None of these

Time required for $50 \%$ decomposition of a liquid in an isothermal batch reactor following first order kinetics is 2 minutes. The time required for $75 \%$ decomposition will be about $\qquad$ minutes
A. 3
B. 4
C. 6
D. 8

