



QP CODE: 18103548

Reg No :

BA DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018

Third Semester

B.A Corporate Economics Model III

CORE COURSE - EC3CRT07 - MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS - I

2017 Admission Onwards 8D7FD26F

Maximum Marks: 80

Time: 3 Hours

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions.

Each question carries **2** marks.

- 1. Define managerial economics
- 2. Who is a managerial economist?
- 3. Define giffen paradox
- 4. Distinguish between exension and contraction of demand
- 5. What is meant by advertising elasticity of demand?
- 6. What is the significance of demand forecasting?
- 7. What is the significance of the stage of negative returns in the short run?
- 8. What is the idea behind Cobb-Douglas production function?
- 9. Define iso-cost line
- 10. Examine the relationship between AC curve and MC curve
- 11. What is meant by PV ratio?
- 12. What is meant by linear programming?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

- 13. What are the steps in managerial decision making?
- 14. What is the difference between contraction of demand and decrease in demand?
- 15. Argue the case for demand forecasting





- 16. What do you mean by the least square method of demand forecasting?
- 17. How do you estimate demand for new products?
- 18. Distinguish between short run and long run production function
- 19. What is meant by production cost? Assess its significance.
- 20. What is the significance of break even analysis?
- 21. Assess the importance of break even in the pricing strategy.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

- 22. Account for the principles of managerial economics
- 23. Define price elasticity of demand. What are the different types of price elasticity?
- 24. Distinguish between Law of Variable Proportions and Law of Returns to Scale
- 25. Examine the significance of cost control and cost reduction in business.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

