Re	g No	o.: Name:	
	SE	APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY VENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(R&S), DECEMBER 20	19
Course Code: EC370			
		Course Name:Digital Image Processing	
Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hour			
		PART A  Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks	Marks
1	a)	What are the features of HSI model? How can you perform RGB to HSI	(6)
•	α,	conversion?	(0)
	b)	Explain the fundamental steps involved in digital image processing with the help	(5)
		of a block diagram	
	c)	What do you mean by a) mach band effect b)m-adjacency?	(4)
2	a)	State and prove the separability property of 2D-DFT. Find the 2D-DFT of	(8)
		$f(m, n) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	
	b)	What are the features of Walsh transform? Find the 1-D Walsh basis for the fourth	(7)
		order system(N=4)	
3	a)	With a neat figure, explain the construction and operation of a Vidicon camera	(7)
		tube	
	b)	What are the properties of SVD? How is an image compressed using SVD?	(8)
PART B  Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks			
4	a)	Justify the following a) if all the pixels in an image are shuffled, the histogram	(6)
		remains unchanged. b)Median filter is an effective tool to minimise salt and	
		pepper noise	
	b)	Derive the transfer function of Wiener filter and specify its advantages.	(9)
5	a)	Compare image enhancement and image restoration. Explain how an image is	(10)
	•	restored using inverse filter. What are its drawbacks?	,
	b)	Explain an image degradation model with necessary figure	(5)

- 6 a) Explain the following a)bit plane slicing b)logarithmic transformation c)image (6) subtraction
  - b) Perform histogram equalization of the following image

(9)

## **PART C**

## Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks

- 7 a) With the help of a block diagram, explain the need of image compression. (10)
  - b) Give the classification of edges and explain the various techniques in detecting (10) edges
- 8 a) Explain region splitting and merging approach of image segmentation. (10)
  - b) Explain active contour model for refining an object boundary (10)
- 9 a) With a block diagram, explain transform coding. (10)
  - b) An image clip is formed using 6 colours; white(W), red(R),yellow(Y),green(G) (10), blue(B) and orange(O). These occur in the clip with following probabilities; P(W)=0.5,P(R)=0.1,P(Y)=0.05,P(G)=0.05,P(B)=0.2,P(O)=0.1. Construct a Huffman code and find its efficiency

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